URBIS

<u>URBan land recycling Information</u> systems for <u>Sustainable cities</u>

Special Session CABERNET Conference Frankfurt, Germany 16.10.2014



Overview

- Issue of Urban Sprawl in the EU
- URBIS Project
- Specific project actions and deliverables
- Discussion round

Urban Sprawl – key EU political challenges

- EU political objective zero net land take
- urban sprawl endangers achievement of European environmental goals in respect of GHG emission, air quality, biodiversity protection and water management etc
- and so hinders the effectiveness of instruments in these areas, including the Natura 2000 network and the Water Framework Directive
- policy objective to limit urban sprawl and so support zero net land take objective
- policy co-benefits of reduction of GHG emissions reduction of air pollution, biodiversity loss etc

Urban Sprawl – policy solutions

- Controlling urban sprawl, reusing vacant land, maintaining urban density, in order to provide the financial basis for public transport
- Increased use of public transport in cities to secure policy cobenefits of GHG reduction, energy savings - and also healthy cities
- Urban sprawl model of the management of land use transport relationship – secures policy co-benefits - increasing public transport
- Solutions articulated by the land use transport relationship reinforcing the need for integrated management of the territory via spatial planning
- Policy solutions emphasise the interconnectedness of drivers of change, pressures and environmental impacts

Urban sprawl – new possibilities?

- Open Data Strategy from the EU
- Urban Atlas projects of monitoring of land uses and cover
- EU directive on zero net land consumption

URBIS Project

Project timespan: May 2014 – April 2017

CHALLENGE:

 Harmonized and integrated information providing insight into the redevelopment options and related policy tradeoffs are desired. This currently represents a challenge due to data heterogeneity in this domain.

<u>GOAL:</u>

 Identify, develop and validate operational potential of standard open-data provided under Copernicus programme and other public initiatives under the European Open Data Strategy for land recycling support.

URBIS Project

SOLUTION:

- Implementation of standard operational URBIS information services for urban vacant land recycling support with sustainable business model
- Use of earht observation open data for supporting sustainable brownfield redevelopment
 - Urban Atlas
 - Open data guidelines from the European Union

Project Partners

Gisat S.R.O. (CZ) (Lead Partner)

Systèmes d'information à Référence Spatiale (SIRS) SAS (FR)

Universitaet Osnabrueck (UOS) (DE)

Universita Degli Studi Di Genova (UNIGE) (IT)

Projektgruppe Stadt Und Entwicklung, Ferber, Graumann und Partner (Stadt+) (DE)

Agence De Developpement Et D'urbanisme Du Grand Amienois Association (ADUGA) (FR)











BIS <u>URB</u>an land recycling <u>Information systems</u> for <u>Sustainable cities</u>

Pilot Regions

- Morovian-Silesian Region (CZ)
- Greater Region of Amienios (FR)
- Region of Osnabrück (DE)







Actions and Deliverables

- Identify typology of vacant land and relevant data
- Identify enduser requirements of information services
- Inventory of European vacant site initiatives and data availability
- Develop services for land recycling with a market potential
- Dissemination activities

Actions and Deliverables

- Development of URBIS services in close cooperation with pilot regions
- Testing of defined URBIS services in pilot regions
- Shareholders Board workshops to receive input and direction

Discussion Questions

- 1. Are there any **initiatives, policies or strategies dedicated to addressing vacant urban land** of which you are aware in your organization or region? If yes, can you briefly state their general context and goals?
- 2. Are there **missing information services** which could provide needed support for the implementation of sustainable city objectives in regards to urban vacant land?
- 3. Vacant urban land can provide many different types of potentials for the creation of sustainable city structures. What **type of thematic themes for the recycling of vacant land** do you find important for further development?
- 4. URBIS aims to build upon the activities of previous projects which were active in similar activities. What activities have you undertaken in your organization or part of a larger project to address land recycling of urban vacant land sites?
- 5. (To the members of TIMBRE, HOMBRE, and GREENLANDS projects) How did Earth Observation technology factor into achieving the results of your project? If it did not, could it have provided a more central role through the analysis of new topics? (i.e. density studies, type of vegetation cover, land uses, etc.).