



HOlistic Management of Brownfield  
REgeneration (HOMBRE)



# The Brownfield REMIT/RESPONSE

## Brownfield Regeneration

## Systems Tool

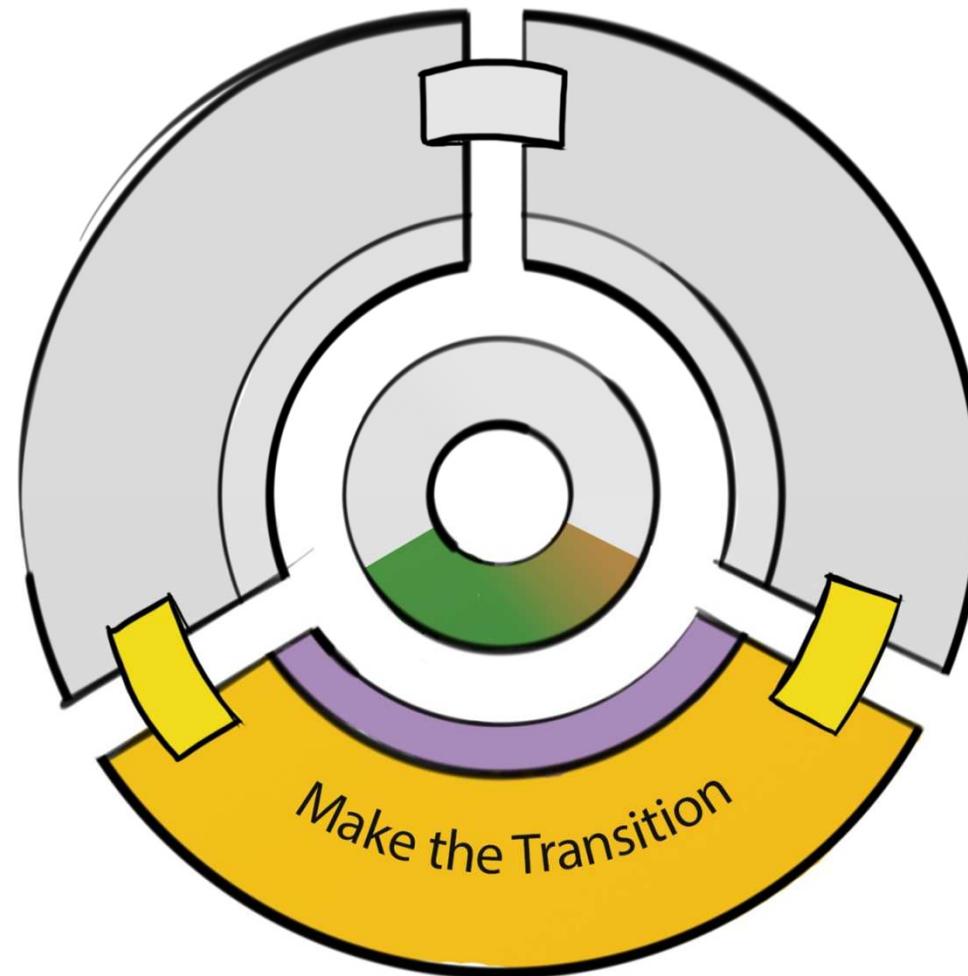
## (BR2)

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Paul NATHANAIL (University of Nottingham)



# HOMBRE

## Land Management Cycle





# Complex Systems



## Oxford English Dictionary:

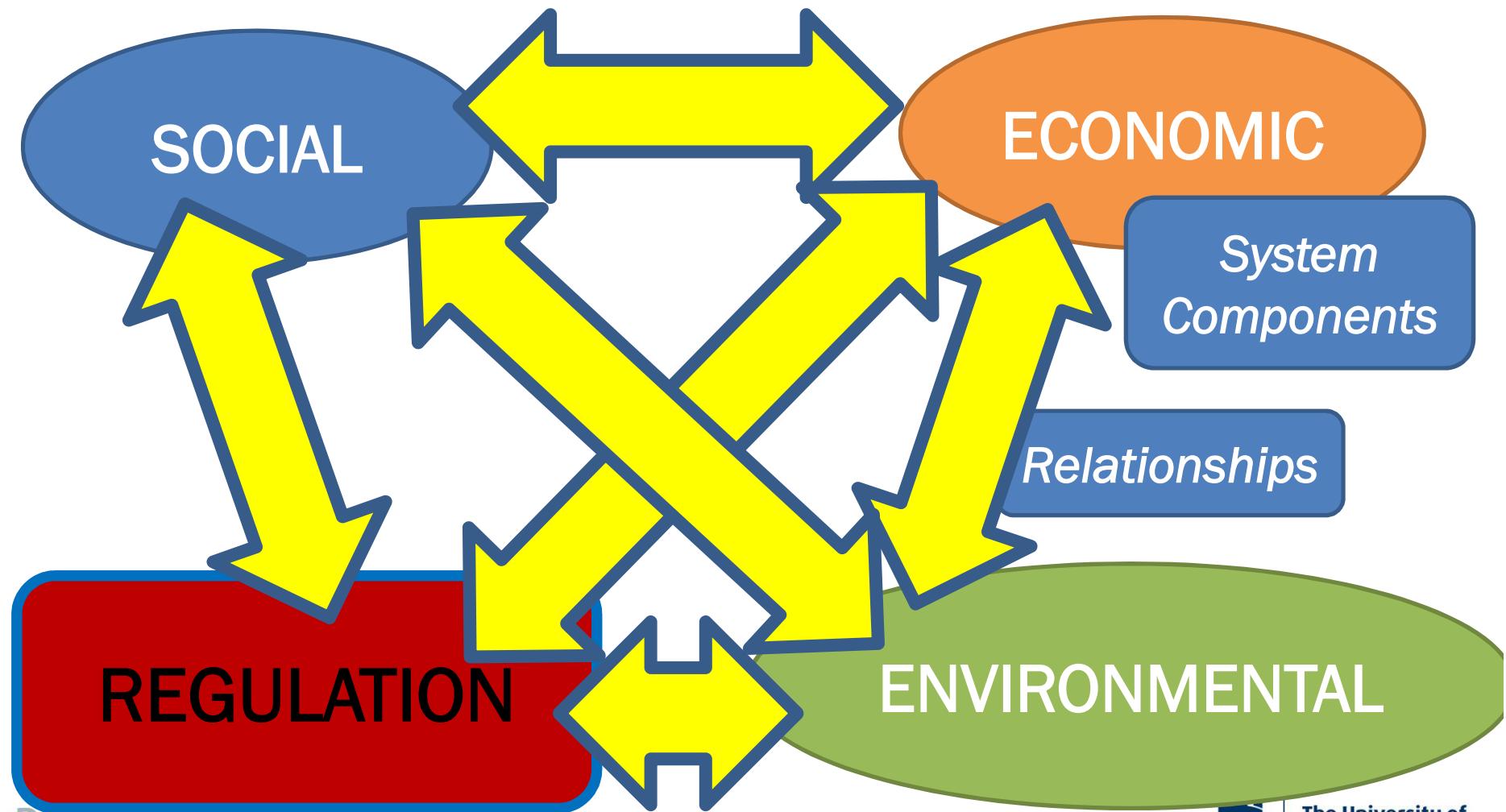
- A set of things working together as parts of a mechanism or an interconnecting network; a complex whole.

## Urban Systems

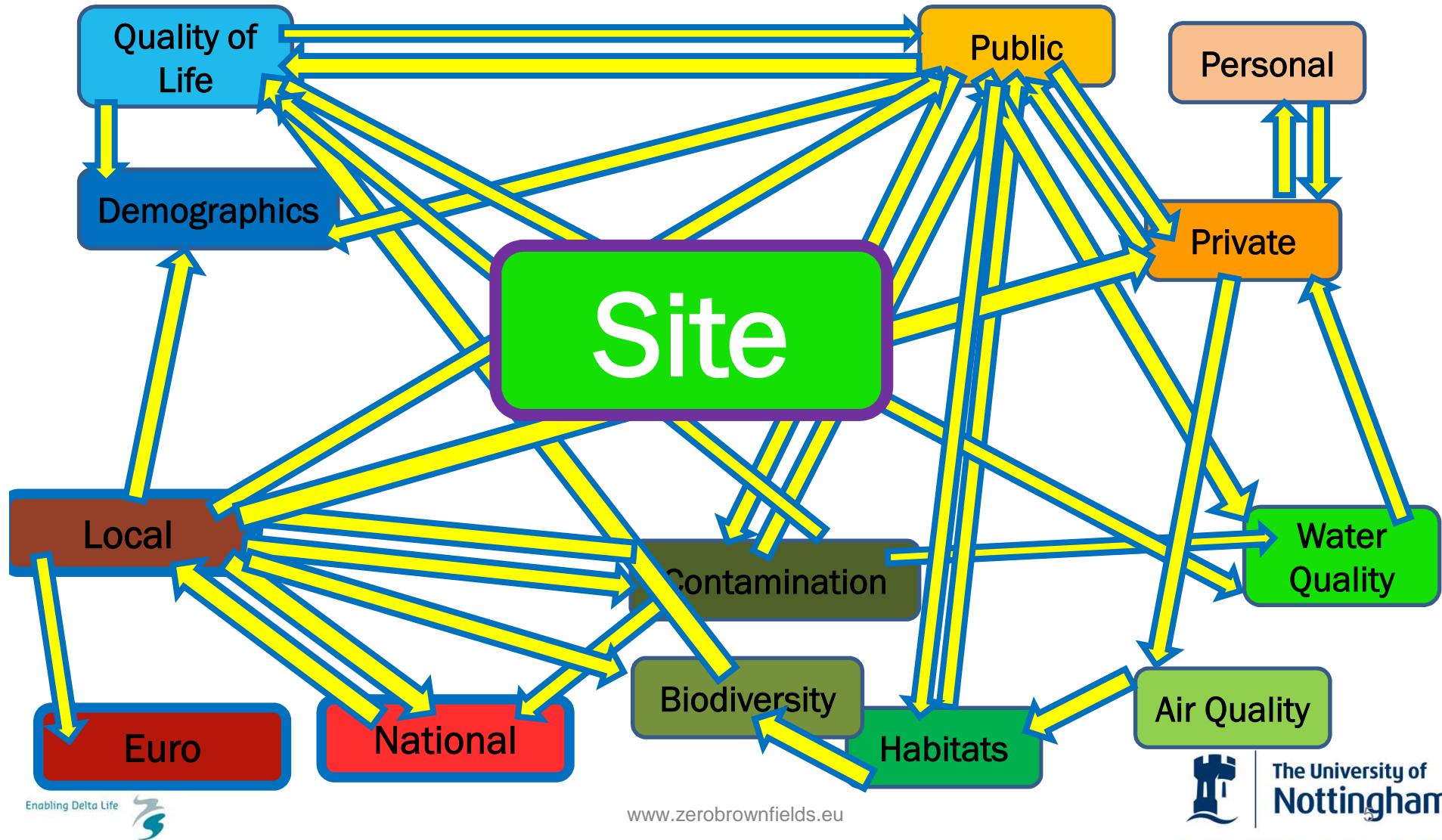
- Social, Environmental, Economic and Governance Components form a ‘complex whole’.
- A Brownfield site (and its redevelopment) affects, and is affected by, the wider system.



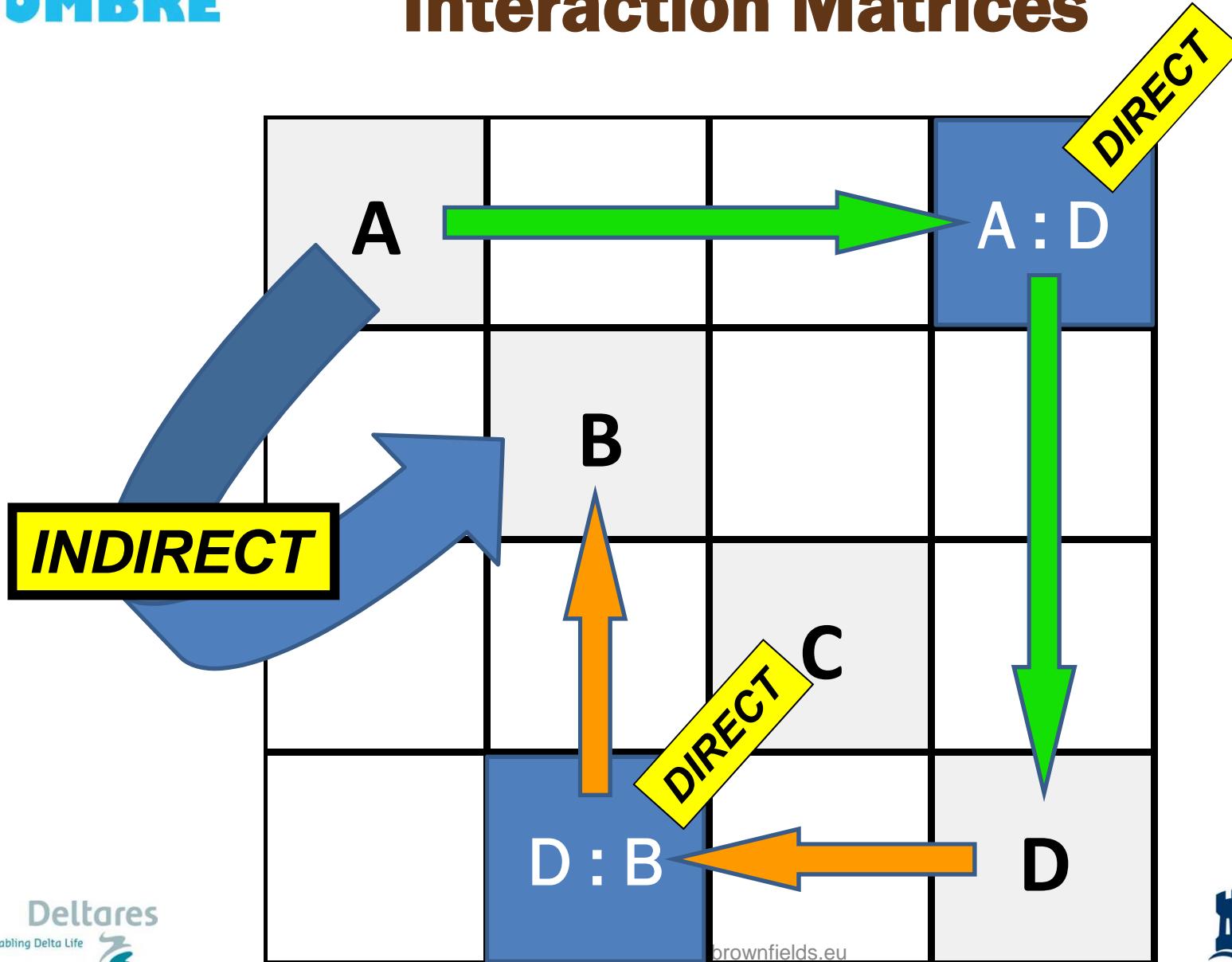
# Urban Systems



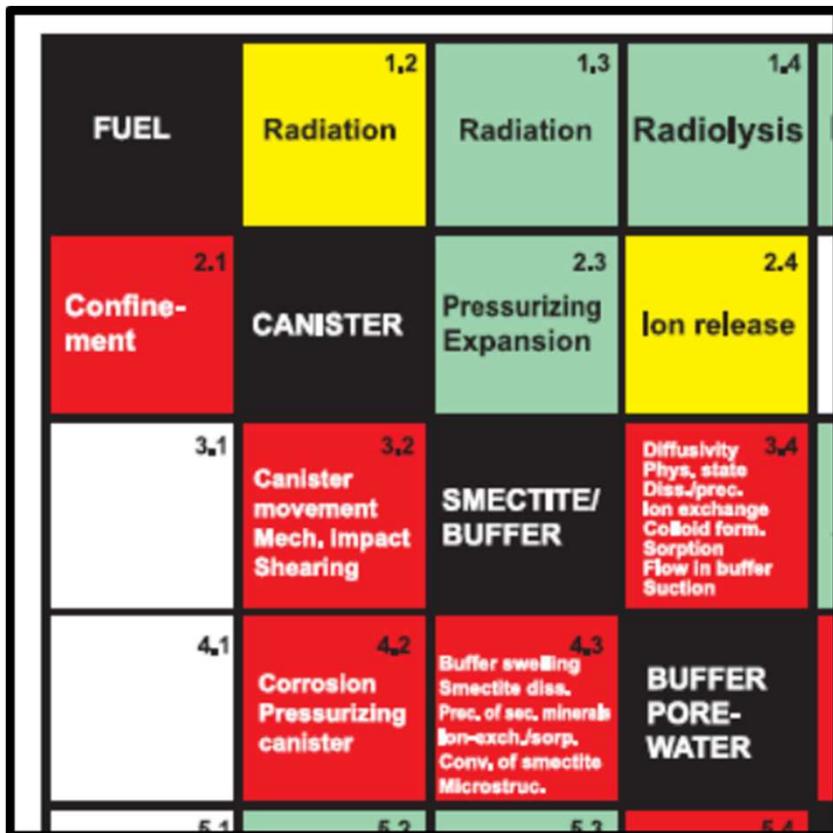
# Urban Systems



# Interaction Matrices



# Relationship Coding



Pers *et al* (1999)

Text/colour coding

Binary

Semi-Quantitative

Simple function

Numerical solutions

Numerical analysis



# Binary Coding

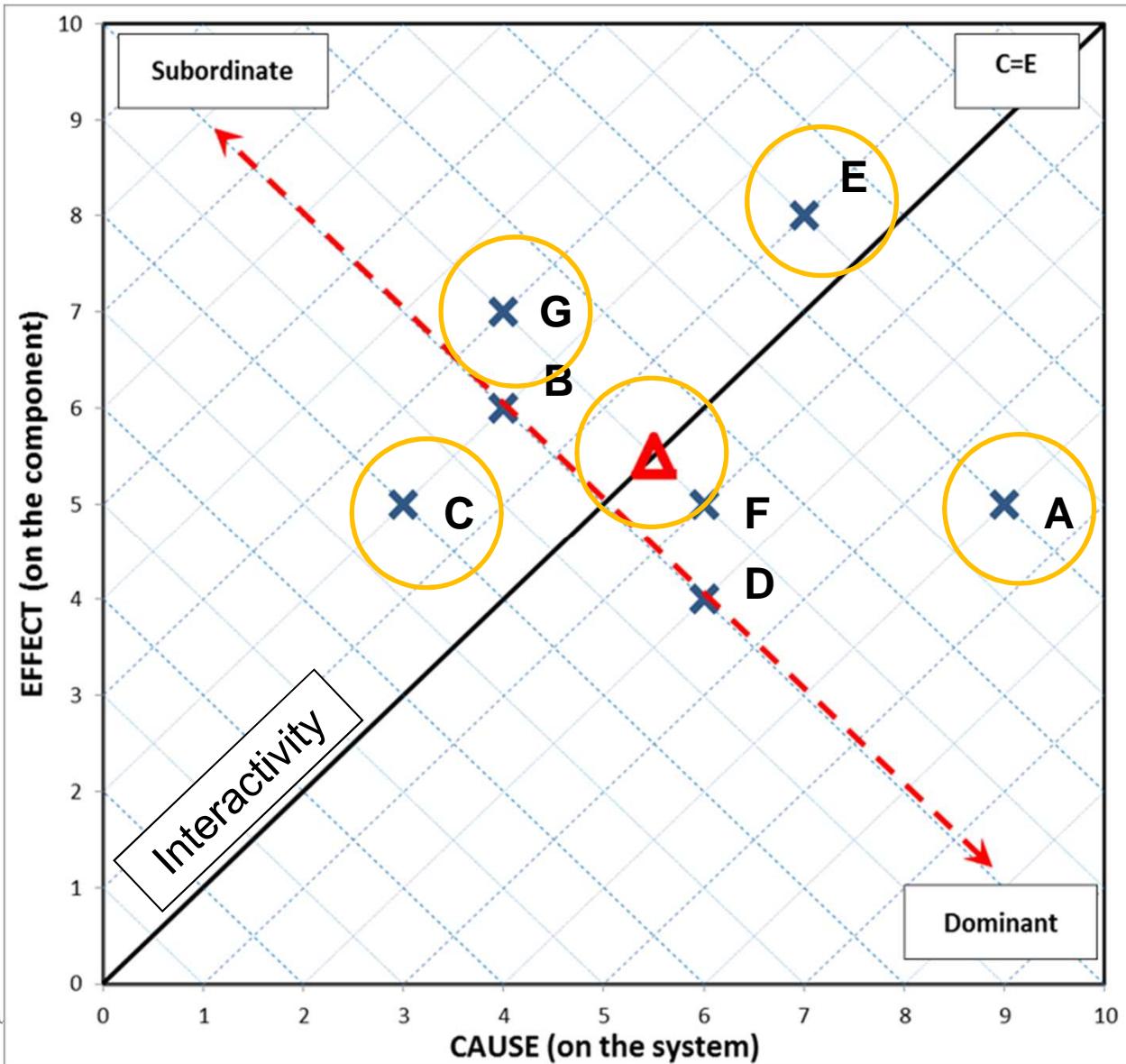


	Natural Environment	0	0	
	1	Built Environment	1	
	1	1	Demographics	

$\Sigma$  = “Cause”

$\Sigma$  = “Effect”

# Cause-Effect (C-E) diagrams



# Semi Quantitative Coding

- Impression of Relative Importance of Relationships:

0-4 Scale

- 0
- 1 Weak
- 2 Medium
- 3 Strong
- 4 Critical

±2 Scale

- -2 Strong Negative
- -1 Weak Negative
- 0
- +1 Weak Positive
- +2 Strong Positive



## BR2 Tool



- Spreadsheet-based
- Generic Components
- Sequential Coding:
  - Indicates the types of relationships to be assessed
  - Binary and Semi-Quantitative Coding
  - Explanation/evidence
- Interaction Matrices and C-E Plots populated automatically



# BR2 Tool Process:



- Define system boundaries
- System/Site “Conceptual Model”:

Environmental	Population
Geotechnical	Demographics
Flood risk	Transport infrastructure
Air quality	OBJECTIVES
Planning Policies	
- *Identify alternatives for the site*
- Cross-section of Stakeholders: BR2 relationship coding



# BR2 Tool

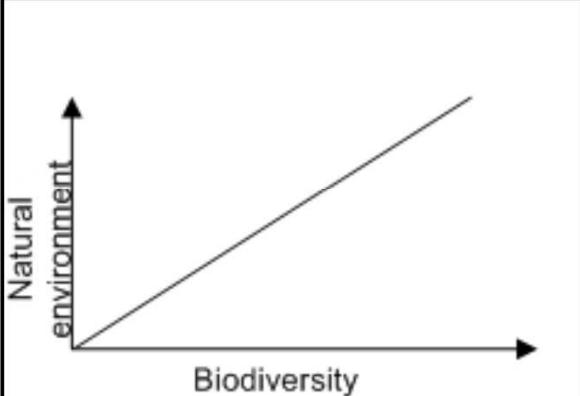
## Generic System Components



- Biodiversity
- Natural Environment
- Built Environment
- Demographics
- Quality of Life
- Public Economic
- Private Economic
- Individual Economic
- Local Institutional Controls
- Central/EU Institutional Controls

		BCM	±ESQ	+ESQ	
<b>1 BIODIVERSITY</b> Flora, Fauna, Habitats	<b>2 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	0
	<b>3 BUILT ENVIRONMENT</b>	0	0	0	0
	<b>4 DEMOGRAPHICS</b>	0	0	0	no identified interaction mechanism
	<b>5 QUALITY OF LIFE</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
	<b>6 PUBLIC ECONOMIC</b>	0	0	0	no identified interaction mechanism
	<b>7 PRIVATE ECONOMIC</b>	0	0	0	no identified interaction mechanism
	<b>8 INDIVIDUAL ECONOMICS</b>	0	0	0	no identified interaction mechanism
	<b>9 LOCAL INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
	<b>10 CENTRAL/EU INSTITUTIONAL CONTROLS</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

<b>1 BIODIVERSITY</b>	<b>2 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT</b>				
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	<p>how does biodiversity affect the value of the natural environment?</p> <p>will biodiversity affect eg air quality, flood mitigation, remediation of contaminants in soil and groundwater?,</p> <p>eg will (possible) presence of great crested newts delay remediation?</p> <p>eg will remediation of metal contamination adversely affect wild flowers?</p>
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<a href="#">return to list</a>				
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<b>1 BIODIVERSITY</b>	<b>3 BUILT ENVIRONMENT</b>				
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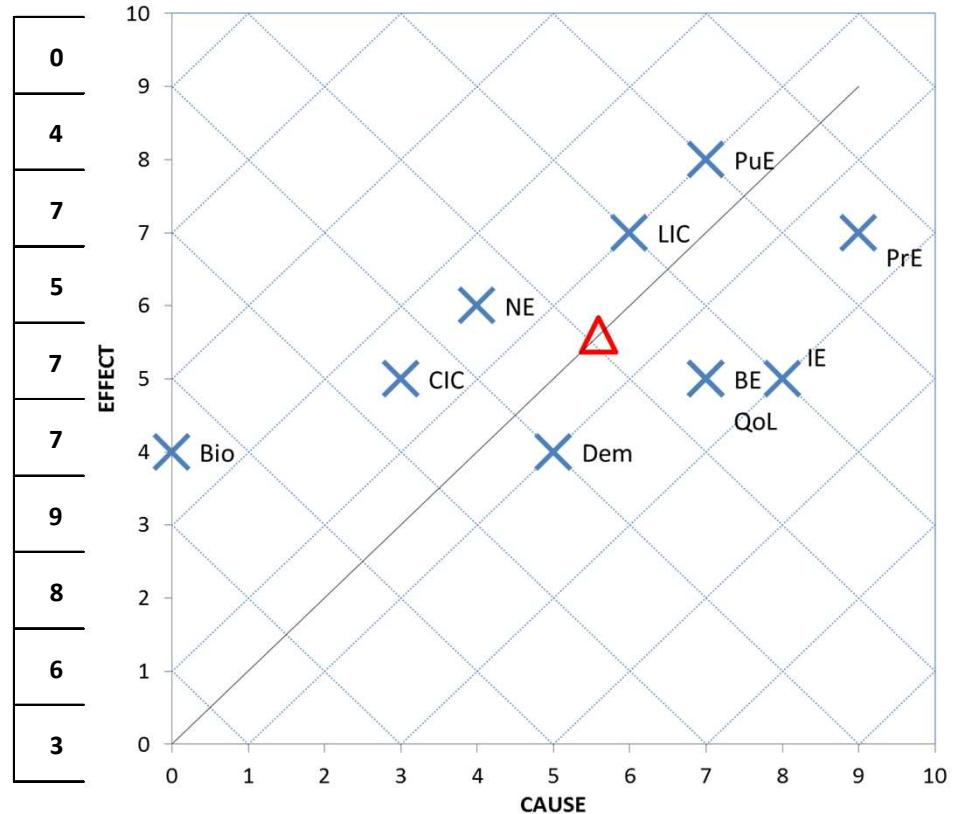
<a href="#">return to list</a>				
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<b>1 BIODIVERSITY</b>	<b>4 DEMOGRAPHICS</b>				<b>no identified interaction mechanism</b>
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	<a href="http://www.zerobrownfields.eu">www.zerobrownfields.eu</a>	
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# Outputs:

Bio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	NE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	
1	1	BE	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	
0	1	0	Dem	1	1	1	1	0	0	
0	0	1	1	QoL	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	1	PuE	1	0	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	PrE	1	1	1	
1	1	1	1	1	1	IE	1	1	0	
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	LIC	1	
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	CIC	
4	6	5	4	5	8	7	5	7	5	
EFFECT										



- C-E Plots

- Interaction Matrices



# Markham Vale



## Site

- former colliery
- >120 Hectares to be developed
- >100 Hectares spoil tips
- Motorway bisects site (though no junction)
- Minor contamination and stability issues
- Some flood mitigation required
- Visual blight

## System

- 3 planning authorities:
  - Chesterfield, Bolsover, NE Derbyshire
- Above average unemployment/depravation
- Below average qualifications/skills
- lack of quality jobs

Markham Vale Employment Growth Zone

## Objectives

“Create 5000 jobs in a sustainable environment”

# Redevelopment Options

## Option 1

- New Motorway Jn
- 3 Employment Areas
- Tip Areas:
  - SRC
  - Public Open Space
  - Habitats

## Option 2

- New Motorway Jn
- 3 Employment Areas



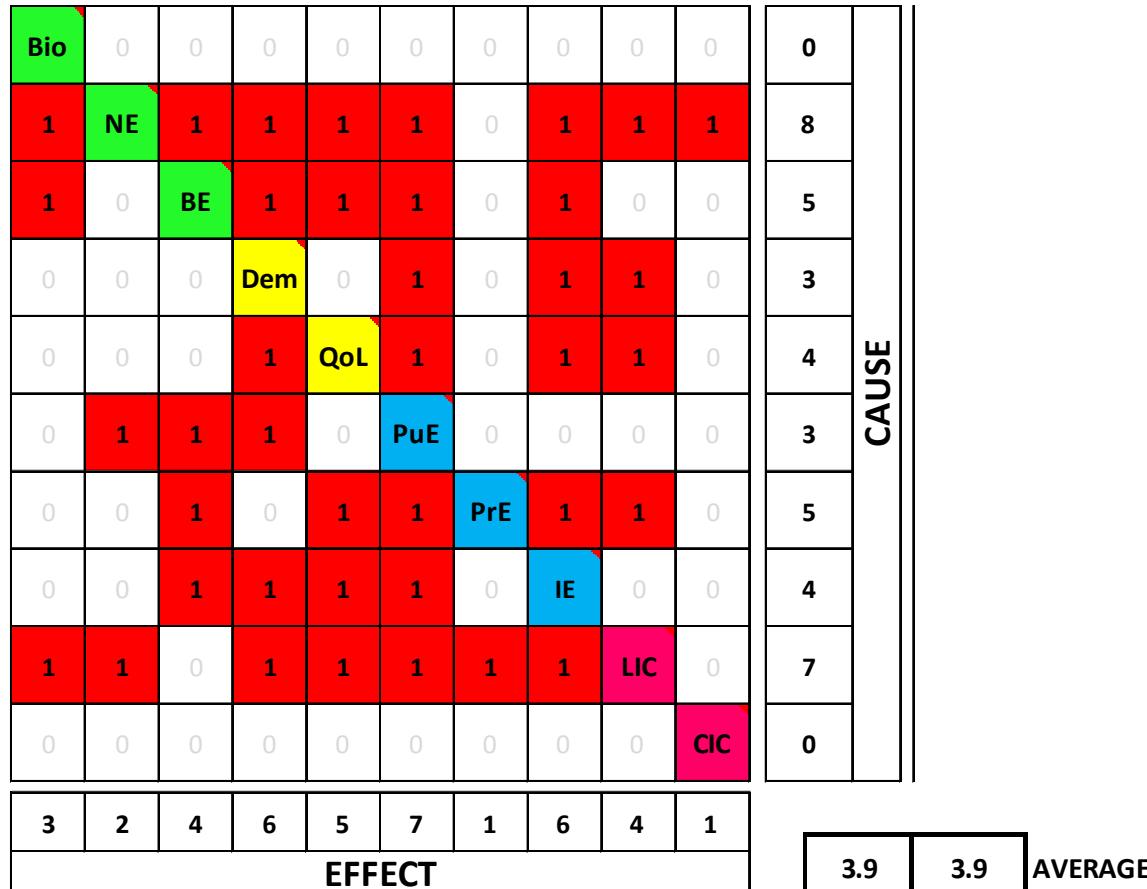
## Remember...



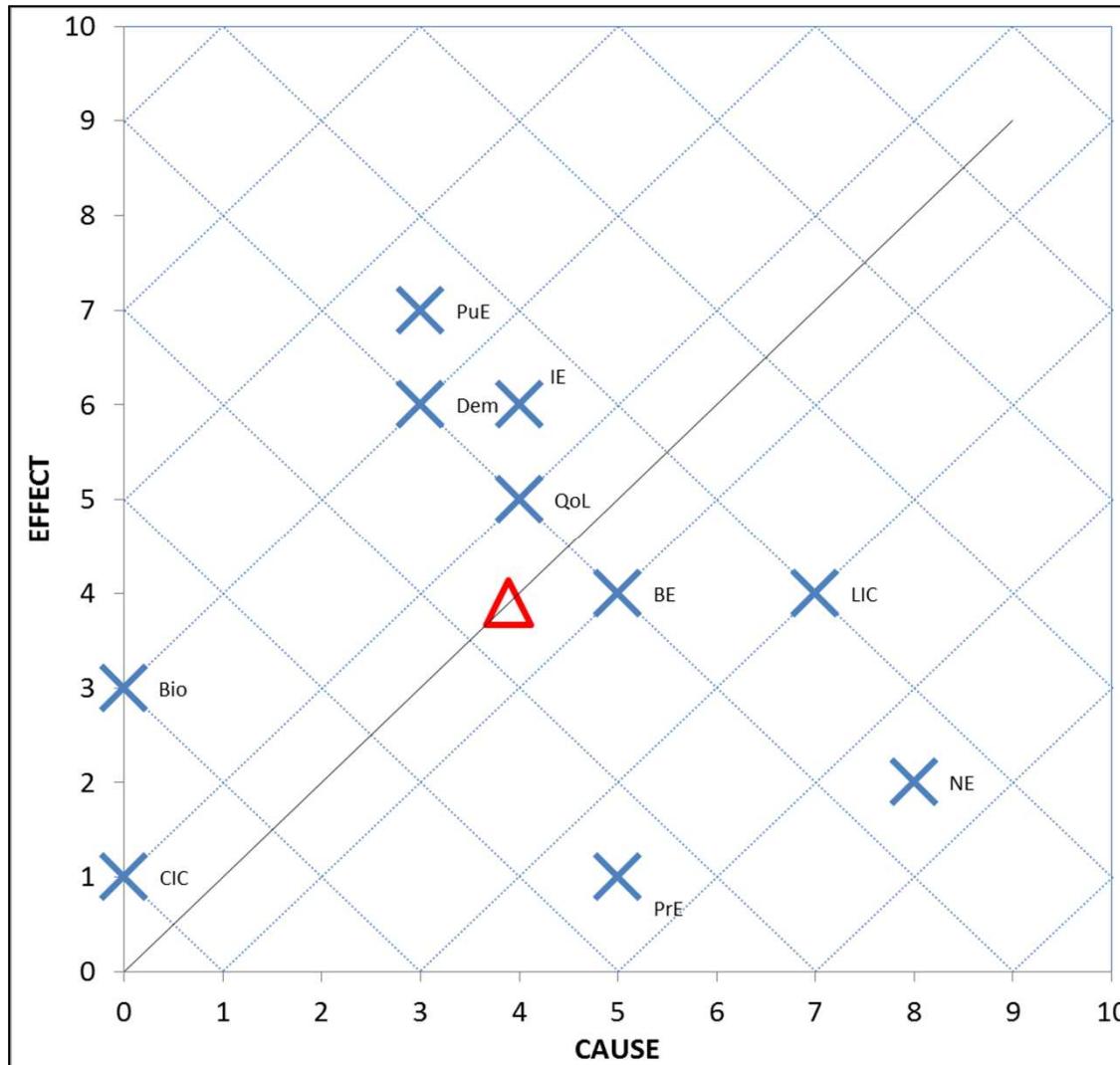
- Scoring for the whole system, not just the site,
- Concentrate on DIRECT relationships,
- DIRECTION of the interaction



# Before...



# Markham Binary C-E before





H

Bio	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
1	NE	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	BE	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	Dem	1	1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	QoL	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	PuE	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	PrE	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	IE	1	1	1	0	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	LIC	1
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	CIC
8	8	7	6	8	9	8	7	8	6
EFFECT									

7.5    7.5    AVERAGE

Option 1

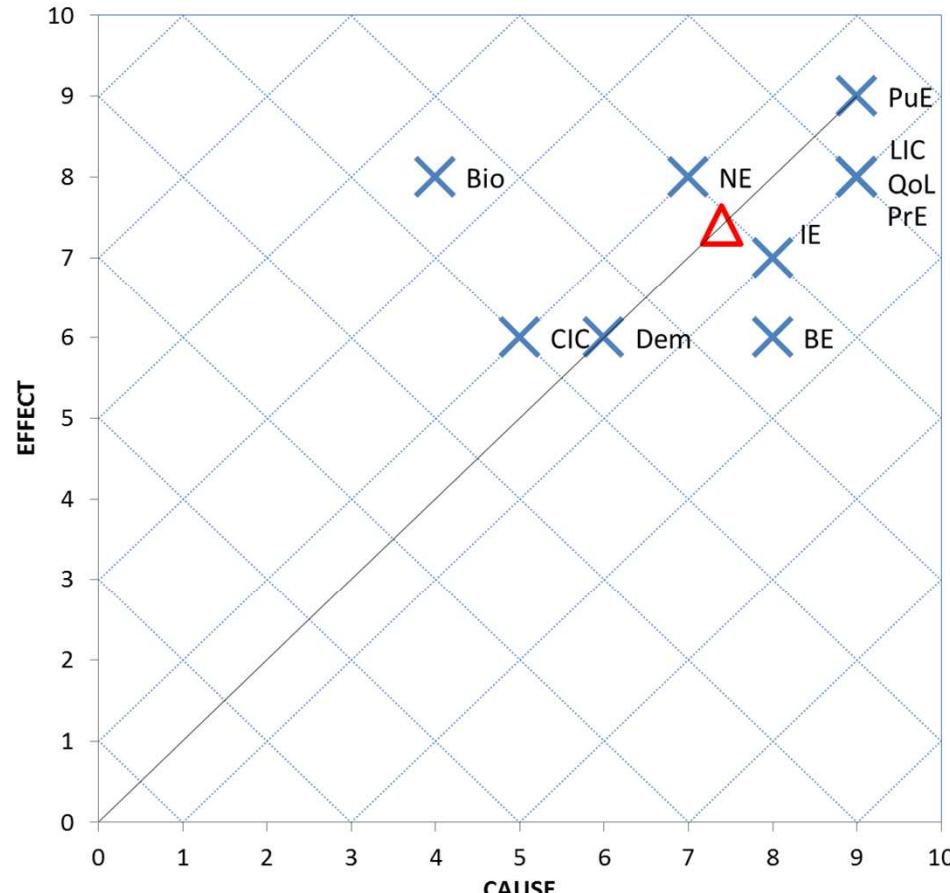
4	CAUSE
8	
8	
6	
9	
9	
9	
8	
9	
5	

Bio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	NE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	BE	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	Dem	1	1	1	1	1	0
0	0	1	QoL	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	1	1	1	PuE	1	0	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	PrE	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	IE	1	1	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	LIC	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	CIC
4	EFFECT								

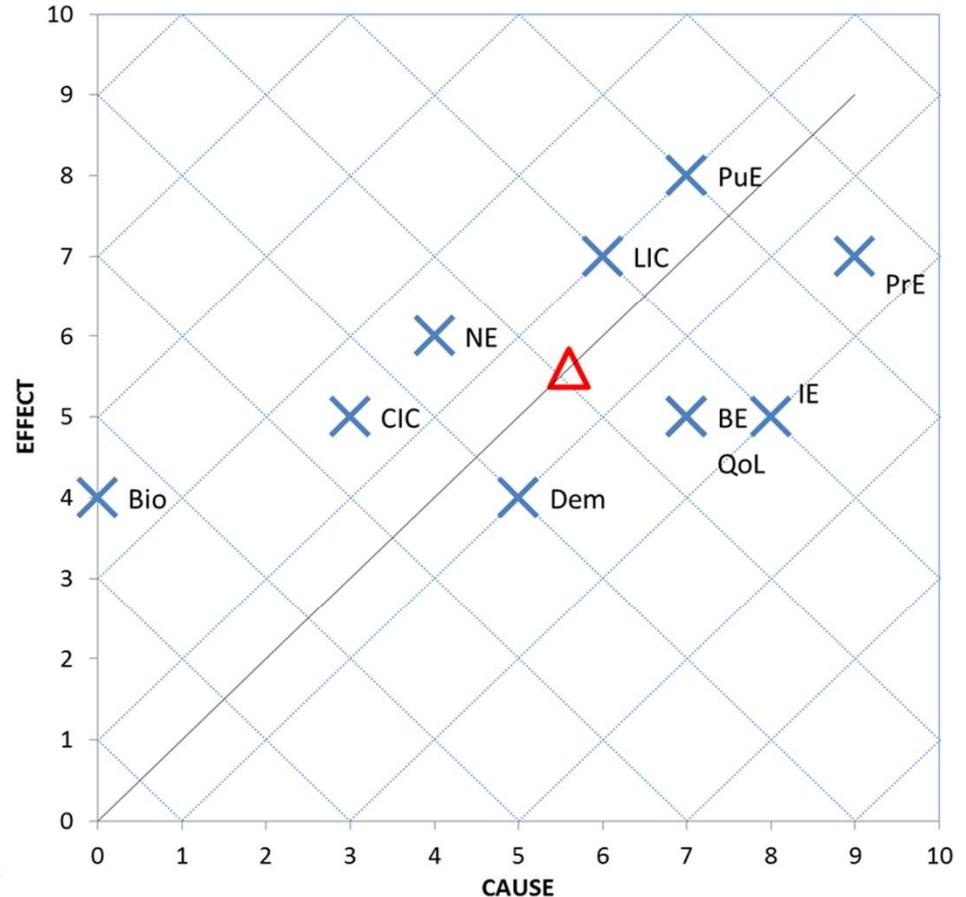
5.6    5.6    AVERAGE

Option 2

# Binary C-E plots



Option 1



Option 2

# ±2ESQ Matrices

Bio	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0	1	1
2	NE	0	0	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1
1	2	BE	1	2	-2	2	2	-2	0
0	-1	1	Dem	1	1	1	2	0	0
1	1	1	1	QoL	2	1	2	1	1
2	2	2	1	2	PuE	2	1	-1	1
-1	-2	1	1	1	1	PrE	2	1	1
1	-1	1	1	1	2	1	IE	1	0
2	2	2	1	1	-2	2	1	LIC	2
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	CIC
9	4	8	6	10	1	9	11	1	5
EFFECT									

Option 1

Bio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	NE	0	0	0	-1	0	0	-1	-1
1	2	BE	0	1	-1	2	1	-2	0
0	-1	0	Dem	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	1	1	QoL	1	1	1	1	1
0	2	1	1	1	PuE	2	0	-1	1
-1	-1	1	1	1	1	PrE	1	1	1
1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	IE	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	-2	2	1	LIC	2
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	CIC
2	2	5	4	5	1	10	5	0	4
EFFECT									

Option 2

# 0-4 ESQ Matrices

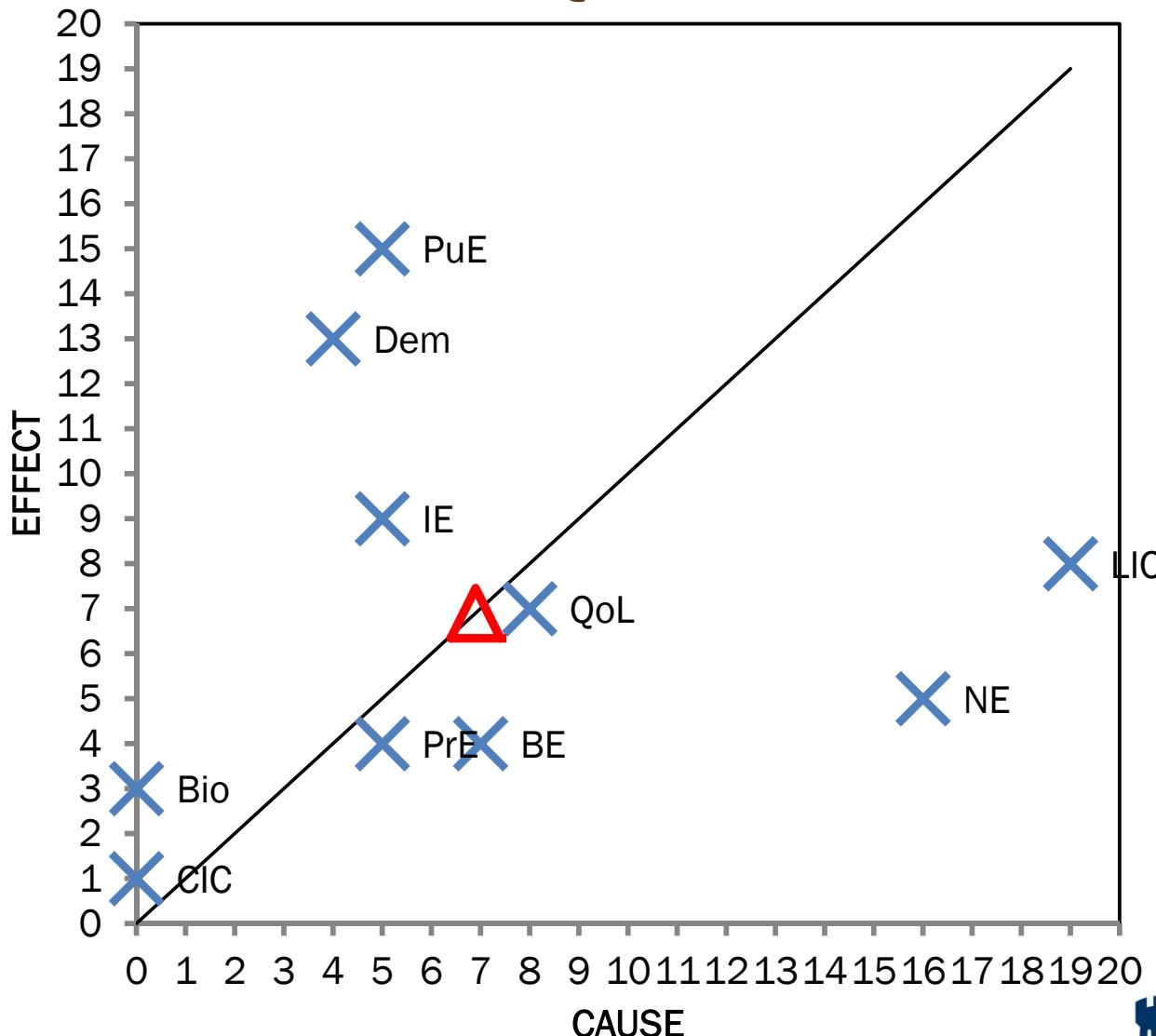
Bio	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	1
3	NE	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	1
2	3	BE	2	2	4	4	4	4	0
0	1	1	Dem	2	1	2	3	0	0
1	1	2	1	QoL	2	2	2	1	1
3	4	4	2	4	PuE	4	1	2	2
1	2	3	2	2	3	PrE	3	2	1
1	2	1	2	2	2	2	IE	1	0
3	3	3	2	3	4	4	2	LIC	1
1	2	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	CIC
15	18	14	11	18	21	21	16	15	7
EFFECT									

Option 1

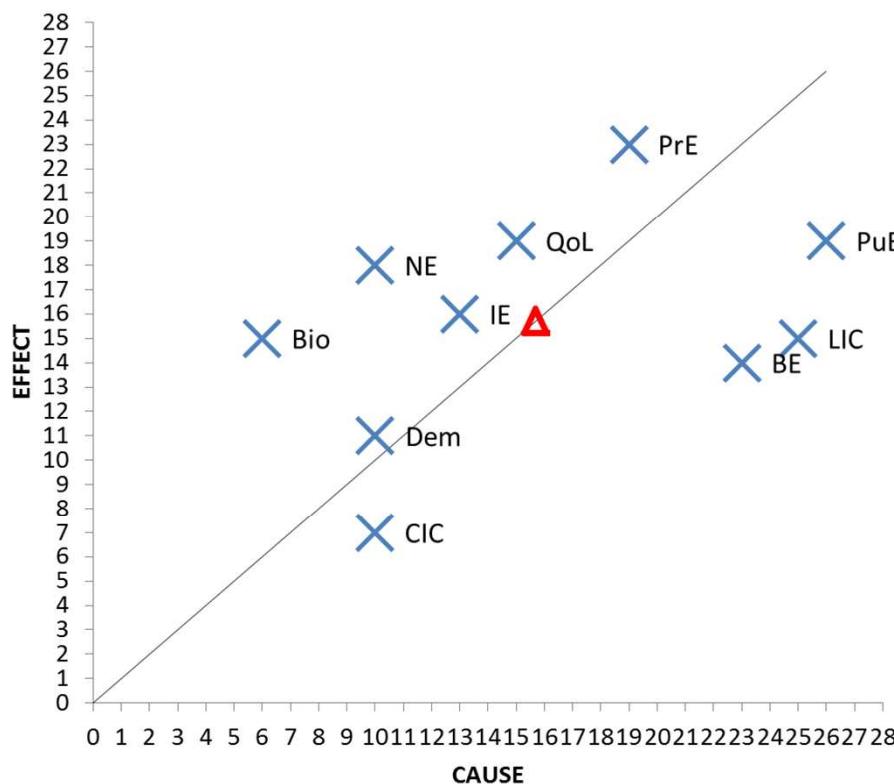
Bio	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	NE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
1	2	BE	0	1	2	4	3	4	0	0
0	1	0	Dem	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	QoL	1	1	1	2	1	1
0	4	2	1	3	PuE	4	0	2	2	2
1	2	1	1	1	PrE	3	IE	1	1	1
1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	4	4	2	LIC	4	4
0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	3	CIC	9
4	12	6	4	7	15	17	10	13	9	
EFFECT										

Option 2

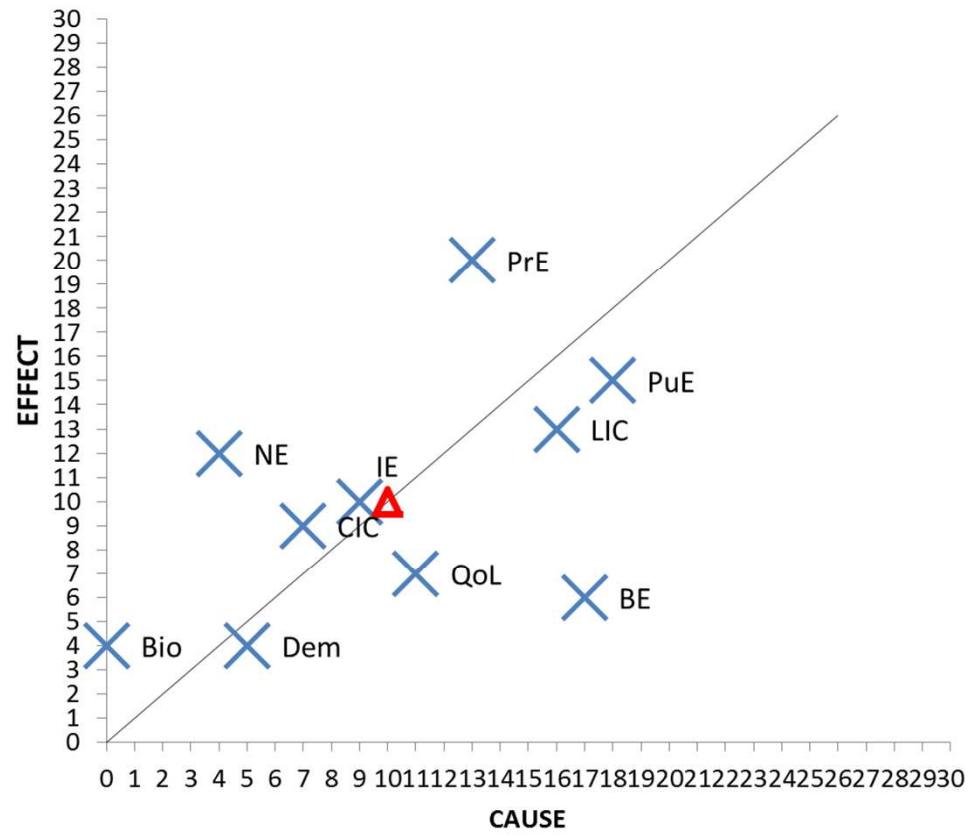
# 0-4 ESQ C-E Plot



# 0-4 ESQ C-E plots



Option 1



Option 2

# Conclusions

- Both options lead to a more interactive system than the pre-development situation
- Public finances, Built Environment, Local policies and regulations are dominant in both options.
- Option 1 gives an interactive system with no components isolated or dominant
  - Biodiversity is much more prominent in the system
- Option 2, Bio and NE more isolated in the system
  - Opportunity matrix

# Remarks

Positive reaction from MEGZ team:

- As a communication/presentation tool when:
  - Planning permission for Brownfield sites
  - Presenting to public stakeholders
  - Structured discussion between stakeholders
  - Central tool



# Thanks...



- MEGZ team  
Peter Storey
- Linda Maring Deltires (*Rotterdam case study*)  
Nirul Ramkisor

# References

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